

PRESENT PERFECT EXERCISES

1. Questions de rappel

LE PRESENT PERFECT se forme avec conjugué au suivi du du verbe conjugué.

A la forme négative c'est qui porte le « NOT ».

Le participe passé d'un verbe régulier se forme avec :

Exemples de participes passés irréguliers (révisions)

BUY : THINK :

LOSE : BE :

2. Exercice d'application

Conjuge les verbes entre parenthèses au PRESENT PERFECT.

- Poor Sarah ! She (lose) her camera !
- What's the matter ? what (happen) ? why are you screaming ?
- Mum's angry, you know ! You (not / clean) the bedroom and you (not / Hoover) the floor. Now we're late !
- John (do) something very stupid : he (invite) all his friends to a party ! His parents won't like it at all !
- Look ! She (just / fall). She's lying on the floor !
- Where (you / be) ? -we were looking for you all that time !
- I was not home last night, so I (not / do) my homework. Sorry !
- We (write) 3 pages today !

3. Retrouve les phrases

- ? / Patrick / ever / visit / Paris
- No / . / He / never / be / Paris
- His parents / ever / live / New York / ?
- clean / the bathroom / just / she .
- Mr O'Neill / already / find / traces of his ancestors / Ireland / .
- He / already / see / everything / and be / everywhere / .

4. Complète avec EVER, NEVER, ALREADY, AGO, NOT YET, JUST et conjuge les verbes entre parenthèses au temps qui convient

- I'd love to go to NY. Have you been there ?
- No, I have been there, but I have been to the States, to California , to be more precise.
- Great ! When did you go to California ?
- I (go) there about 5 years , in 2000 I think.
- What did you visit there ? Did you like it ?
- Yes, I really (enjoy) this place ! I (visit) Los Angeles, and even Beverly hills. I also (see) the Hollywood studios and even (meet) a few stars in the streets ! It (be) fantastic !
- I have received a letter from a friend of mine, who (stay) there at the moment, and he (say) it's great too !
- Shall we try and go together for the next holiday ?
- Well, I have been abroad* (à l'étranger) ! Why not ? It will be my first trip to a foreign country without my parents, on my own !

Exercices sur le present perfect

1-Imagine le début de ces phrases. Ces jeunes avaient promis de faire des choses et les ont faites.

Ex : Mum, I have washed the car. Can I play ball now ?

- a).....my room ! Can I go out now ?
- b).....her homework. Can she play video games with me?
- c).....a letter to Granny. Can I phone Caroline now?
- d).....the housework. Can I invite my friends to come round?
- e).....the bed. Can I listen to music now ?
- f).....the cat. Can I watch TV now ?

2-Mets les verbes de cette conversation au present perfect ou au preterit simple, selon ce qui convient le mieux.

-What about you, Jenny ? Do you like travelling ?

-Yes, of course ! But I(never – be) to Europe.

-.....(you – ever – be) to the USA?

-Yes , once. I(go) there 2 years ago.

-Who.....(you - go) with ?

-I(go) there with my aunt and my cousins. We
.....(have) great fun ! It(be) so gigantic !

-What.....(you – see) ?

-We.....(see) California, the beaches, Disneyland, Beverly Hills and
we even(visit) the famous Hollywood studios ! I really
.....(love) it.

.....(you – ever – visit) Hollywood ?

-No, never. I(go) to the States four times, but I
.....(never – been) to California.

3-Traduis.

a-Est-ce que tu as déjà visité Londres ?

-Oui, j'y suis allée il y a deux mois avec mes parents. J'ai beaucoup aimé. Nous nous sommes bien amusés !

b-Tu connais Washington ! Mais quand l'as-tu visité ?

-Je ne me souviens pas. Il y a 2 ou 3 ans je crois. J'étais avec mes amis Américains. C'était vraiment super !

c-Je n'ai jamais été aux Etats-Unis, mais je suis déjà allé en Australie. J'ai même rapporté un boomerang de là-bas !

d- Quand est-ce que l'accident a eu lieu ? – il y a deux semaines. Elle est toujours au lit.

e-Elle n'a pas encore terminé, elle est en retard.

f-Nous venons de partir, et nous sommes bloqués dans les bouchons. Nous devrions arriver d'ici 2 heures au plus tard.

Write the participle form of the following verbs.

1. go →
2. sing →
3. be →
4. have →
5. watch →
6. buy →
7. do →
8. make →
9. catch →

Complete the table in present perfect simple.

positive	negative	question
He has written a letter.		
	They have not stopped.	
		Have we danced?
She has worked.		
	Andy has not slept.	

Write sentences in present perfect simple.

1. they / never / ask / a question
2. he / learn / just / his English lesson
3. we / see / never / any celebrity
4. I / be / in my room / for 2 hours
5. we / not / yet / wash / the car
6. Annie / not / forget / her homework
7. Obama / be / just / elected / again

Write questions in present perfect simple.

1. they / finish / their homework
2. Alison / kiss / Ben
3. the waiter / bring / the tea
4. you / hear / the news
5. you / ever / write / a poem
6. where / be / you
7. how much / they / pay / for this flat

Ask for the information in the bold and underlined part of the sentence.

1. They have talked about art **at school**.
2. He scored **more than 4** goals during this match
3. Jane has got **a letter**.
4. **Oliver** has cooked dinner.
5. Caron has read **seven** pages.
6. You have heard the song **100** times.
7. Tony has built **a house**.
8. Alison has crossed the street **at the traffic lights**.
9. They have **never** been to Australia.
10. **Rupert** has dialled the number.
11. Betty has spent **200 euros** at the shopping mall.

PRETERIT or PRESENT PERFECT?

- 1) When the accident ? (to happen)
- 2) I him a long time ago. (to meet)
- 3) you ever to London? (to be)
- 4) I to London when I was young. (to go)
- 5) I never English while I was in London. (to speak)
- 6) I can't watch TV, I n't my homework. (to do)
- 7) Look at my car! Someone it! (to wash)
- 8) Marilyn Monroe 10 films. (to make)
- 9) Today I 2 books. (to read)
- 10) He two whiskeys before dinner. (to drink)

1-Lisez les phrases. Les formes verbales soulignées donnent-elles un renseignement sur le résultat présent ou sur ce qui s'est passé à un moment donné du passé, et révolu ? mettez le verbe à la bonne forme dans la case correspondante.

	Résultat présent PRESENT PERFECT	Moment révolu PRETERIT
<i>Ex : j'ai lu ce livre</i>	<i>I HAVE READ ...</i>	
Je <u>l'ai lu</u> quand j'étais au lycée		
Il <u>s'est cassé</u> le bras, regarde !		
Il <u>s'est cassé</u> le bras il y a 4 ans		
Il a <u>changé</u> , c'est un autre homme maintenant !		
Il a <u>changé</u> quand il a gagné au loto.		
Mike Tyson est <u>redevenu</u> champion en 96.		
Quand <u>as-tu acheté</u> les billets pour le match ?		
Je <u>n'ai pas fait</u> mes exercices, et j'ai oublié mon livre.		
Je <u>n'ai pas travaillé</u> pendant les vacances.		
Ils <u>ont acheté</u> une maison.		
Ils <u>ont acheté</u> une maison, puis ils l'ont revendue.		